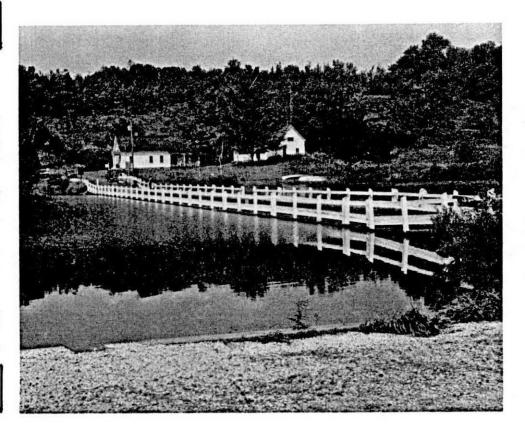
# 



Vol. 12, No. 3

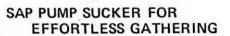
October, 1973

BULK RATE U.S.POSTAGE PAID BAINBRIDGE, N.Y. PERMIT NO. 12

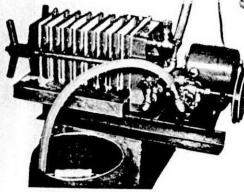
Address Correction Requested

#### MAPLE CANDY MAKER

Time saver and profit maker. Brings out maple flavor in candy. Stainless steel const.



Pump and engine 50 ft. 1 inch Dia. Rubber Hose

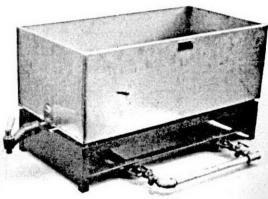


#### MAPLE SYRUP FILTER PRESS

Takes out all dirt and sugar sand. Electric motor operates a bronze gear pump to push hot syrup thru filter and lift it to any height. Capacity 2 gallons per minute.

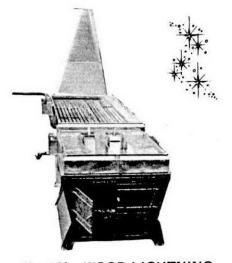
#### GAS FIRED FINISHING PAN

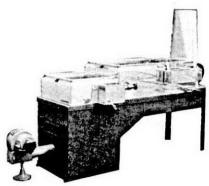
A new gas fired finishing pan for the smaller sized evaporators. Also ideal for making cream and sugar. Rugged base and fittings.



#### WOOD & OIL BURNING

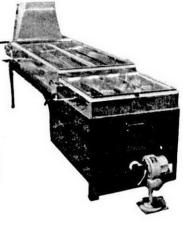






2' x 6' OIL LIGHTNING





4' x 14' OIL LIGHTNING

3' x 10' GRIMM EVAPORATOR

## G.H. GRIMM CO.

RUTLAND, VERMONT 05701

AC802 775-5411 773-9519 \_\_\_\_

#### NATIONAL MAPLE SYRUP DIGEST

Printed by				York Mail-Print
Bainbrid	ge,	N. '	٧.	
Edited by .				. Lloyd Sipple
Bainbrid	ge.	N. '	٧.	

#### **DIRECTORY OF OFFICERS**

Robert CoombsChairman Jacksonville, Vt.
Kenneth BascomVice Chairman Alstead, N. H.
Floyd Moore Sec'y - Treas. Ocqueoc, Mich.
Ted Harding Director Athens, Me.
Russell Davenport
Rex Alwin Director Mound, Minn.
Gordon Brookman Director South Dayton, N.Y.
Ture Johnson Director Burton, Ohio
Edward Curtis Director Honesdale, Pa.
Adin Reynolds Director Aniwa, Wis.

#### NATIONAL MAPLE SYRUP DIGEST

Published by: Lloyd H. Sipple R.D. # 2
Bainbridge, N.Y.

Published four times a year. (Feb., July, Oct., Dec.) Postage Paid at Bainbridge, N.Y. 13733 Mailed outside our circulation area for \$2.00 per Year.



Printed by: YORK MAIL-PRINT, INC. Corner of Pruyn & Parsons Sts. Bainbridge, New York 13733

#### COVER PICTURE

The famous Brookfield Floating Bridge was first built in 1820. The present bridge in use was built in 1936. The floating section is 296 feet long and is supported by 380 creosoted wooden barrels.

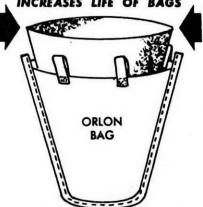
Photo by Bob Lamb, Vermont Maplerama - 73.

#### DIGEST ADVERTISING RATES

2 Page Spread	\$220.
Full Page	
1/2 Page Vert. or Hor	65.
Column Inch	9.
Classified25 per	word
Deadline for copy-	
First of month preceeding	issue.

#### FILTER BAG LINER

SAVES TIME INCREASES LIFE OF BAGS



No need to remove filter bag from syrup filtering tank. Just remove liner from bag, rinse out solids in hot or cold water and replace. Liner has long life with careful use.

#### KOPEL FILTER PAPER COMPANY

2538 S. Damen Avenue, Chicago, III. 60608

Serving the Maple Syrup Industry more than 25 years

## Editorial

Last spring, about the time of the "big run", Bill Clark, president of the Vermont Maple Sugar Makers Association, called me to pass the time of day and possibly cry on someone's shoulder who was having as poor a crop as he was. In the conversation he mentioned he had tapped a tree in January and during the warm spell the latter part of that month, it had produced 3.5% sap. He said that at that time he was afraid something was going wrong because the sugar content of that tree was usually only about 2% in January. He figured the sap reached its peak sometime between the first and middle of February, another warm spell, and during the normal season, the sugar content was on the decline right from the start.

And did it decline! I remember, early in the season, I accused some of my sap producers of filling up their tanks from the Unadilla river and before the season was over, I told them it would be better if they did, except that they should use the Susquehanna, it's thicker.

What should we do to guard against this situation in future years? Nothing, I guess. Sure, I admit we would have had a better crop if we had tapped in January last winter. All the experts preach "tap early." But when you get a few warm days in the winter, our normal "January Thaw", how do you know, the minute you get them tapped it won't freeze up and stay frozen for two months? By the time it warms up enough they won't run anyway because the bacteria's got the best of them.

The solution to this problem is as follows: Build a walk-in Freezer around the sugar bush. Then you can keep the trees frozen all winter like they ought to be. The top should be built so that when the time comes and you're all ready, it can be opened up to let the sun in to make the trees run. With this system you could even wait until May when the snow is all gone and it's easier to get around. You might even have it electrically heated so you wouldn't have to open the top. By freezing the trees periodically you could even keep them from budding and make syrup all summer.

Disadvantages: In the first place it will be expensive, but according to the newspapers, with the price of food the way it is, you farmers are rolling in dough this year. And anyway, it's only money. If you haven't got it you can borrow from a bank for as little as 10% interest (if you hurry before their rates go up again).

In the second place, what with the power shortage the way it is, you might not be able to get enough electricity to warm it and freeze it the way you should which could cut down the amount of sap produced. However, this shouldn't bother because, in the third place, you won't be able to get enough oil next spring to boil down very much sap in the first place.

LAMB TUBING SUPPLIES
Electric Tappers
Flomore Pellets
GORDON H. GOWEN
Tamarack Farm
Alstead, N. H. 03602 835-6531

## **BUDDY SAP FERMENTATION**

## -A COMPLEX PROCESS

J. C. Kissinger

Eastern Regional Research Center<sup>1</sup> Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19118

With the unseasonably warm spring of 1973, maple producers were deluged with "buddy" sap. The Eastern Regional Research Center also was deluged with queries regarding the ERRC-developed fermentation procedure to remove this unpleasant flavor component from sap. The questions brought to light a number of misconceptions regarding this process which might bear some tidying-up by way of the Digest, since we can't hold a general meeting of maple producers.

A few flat statements can probably settle the whole problem. First of all, the fermentation of "buddy" sap with the *Pseudomonas geniculata* to remove the acrid flavor of buddiness is a rather simple process in the hands of an experienced operator who has the equipment to do the job. Secondly, late-season sap and buddy sap inevitably

yield a low-grade sirup, and exposure of a mediocre sap to microbial action (fermentation) won't yield a high-grade final product. Finally, since "buddy" sap really has no flavor which could be identified with the taste sensation we call "true maple flavor", it is doubtful that any fermentation could remove the "buddy" flavor component and substitute a full-bodied maple flavor.

The fermentation process was developed from the observations of Dr. Joe Naghski, a man well-known to the older maple producers. It was developed with the expectation that it would be a means of making a lowgrade sirup at the end of a season when any sirup production means profit. However, it was never envisioned as a small-scale or hobbyist operation. At the time this process was worked out, it was thought that canneries, cheese plants, and dairies might enter the maple business as large central evaporator plants, and there were a few shortlived operations of this type in that period. A big central sirup plant might

LES JONES' "Do It Yourself" instructions available. For convenience buy your burner locally; use "Do It Yourself" DETAILED Instructions for easy and CORRECT installation.

Mrs. Les Jones Holcombe, Wisconsin 54745

end a season with 20,000 gallons of "buddy" sap on hand, and any of the above-mentioned processing plants would have the facilities for sterilization and the bacteriological know-how to run this fermentation without a hitch.

It might be clearer to run through this process for you.

- 1. Secure a dried (lyophilized) culture of *Ps. geniculata* (current price about \$10.00) from Northern Regional Research Center (NRRC) Culture Collection, Agricultural Research Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Peoria, Illinois 61604.
- 2. Secure and sterilize "buddy" sap and keep it sterile until it is inoculated with the Ps. geniculata.
- 3. Add sterile water to the dry culture transfer some of this rehydrated culture to tryptone glucose extract agar slants so that you will have a stock of the *Ps. geniculata* for the future. Refrigerate the slants and make up new ones monthly. Use the remaining *Ps. geniculata* to inoculate 1 pt. of sterile sap. Incubate for 48 hrs. at room temp.
- Inoculate 5 gal. sterile sap with the pint of culture. Incubate 48 hrs. at room temp.
- 5. Inoculate 50 gal. of sterile sap with the 5 gal. culture. Incubate 48 hrs. at room temp.
- 6. At this point, the 50-gal. culture can be used as inoculum for 500-1000 gal. of sterile "buddy" sap. After 24 hrs. of fermentation, evaporate 1 gal. of the inoculated sap to detect the presence of "buddy" odor in the steam and sirup. Repeat this at 36, 48, 54, and 60 hrs. after inoculation. "Buddy"

odor should disappear at 48-54 hrs. When the odor disappears, evaporate the fermented sap to sirup density. You will not get more than a commercial-grade sirup from this process.

Any contamination by the ropy-sap bacteria, which grow all too well in "buddy" sap, must be avoided. One case in point was a ropy contaminant in a buddy sap fermentation which

WANT TO SAVE LABOR AND BOILING TIME?

## EVAPORATOR GAS BURNERS

Manufactured By ELMER WINTER

11171 Sisson Highway North Collins, N.Y. 14111

Engineered for the Job Clean Pans, Instant Heat, No Soot Proven since 1952 No Electricity Needed No Service - Nothing to Wear Out CAN BE USED IN ANY EVAPORATOR

SHOW OFF YOUR FANCY SYRUP IN

JUGS BOTTLES JARS
MAPLE PRODUCTS SELL
BEST IN GLASS

WE ALSO CARRY MANY
TYPES OF PLASTIC CONTAINERS
INCLUDING THE KRESS JUGS.

Send for complete list.

M.R. CARY CORPORATION 219 Washington Square Syracuse, N.Y. 13201

# Think of Cook's for all your Maple Syrup Supplies

OUR STOCKS ARE COMPLETE EARLY - ORDER NOW

#### WE STOCK

Leader-King Evaporators (wood or oil fired)

Sap Buckets, Covers, SAP-SAKS Red "Golden Maple" Syrup Cans (4-sizes)

(Our stock on CANS is complete all year.)

Tappers, Bits, Spouts, Filters Rubber Candy Molds (asst. patterns)

Storage and gathering tanks
Maple Cream Tubs - Syrup Bottles
Pellets, Tubing, Plastic Jugs , etc.

COME TO COOK'S FOR ALL
SYRUP SUPPLIES

Write for Free '73 Catalog

H.W. Cook

Farm Service, Inc.

Serving the Maple Industry for 53 years.

Phone: 315-852-6161 DeRuyter, N.Y. 13052 grew so profusely that the ropy sap would not enter the flues of the evaporator pan. This resulted in a burned-out flue pan.

It is obvious that this fermentation requires equipment which is not readily available in the typical evaporator plant. It requires a lot of hard work and even a little luck, and you would need a large volume of sap to turn a profit on your investment in a "buddy" sap fermentation. For these reasons, we have advised those who called us or wrote letters regarding this process not to attempt to carry out the fermentation. It is doubtful that there are more than 5 producers in the U.S. and Canada at present who might receive enough "buddy" sap, even in this exceptional year, to make this process pay.

Future research on this subject might change the situation drastically. Research on other, simpler methods to make a marketable product from buddy sap or sirup is in the planning stage and will be undertaken shortly.

I hope that this will clear the air a bit on the problem of sap fermentation. My last effort along this line at the N.M.S. Council meeting at Boyne Mt., Michigan in 1971 seems to have missed the target. After giving the same story presented here, a non-council member who sat in on the meeting congratulated me on my courage in admitting that the process which we had developed was a failure?! The process works very well, but it was not developed with the average maple producer in mind and is far too complex and demanding for small-scale use.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Agricultural Research Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture.



#### IF YOU MAKE MAPLE SYRUP

## YOU NEED OUR CATALOG

HERE ARE JUST A FEW OF THE ITEMS AVAILABLE



MODERN SAP COLLECTION Throw-Away Bag



Use FERMIBAN Inexpensive!



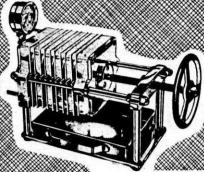
Trouble With Moldy Syrup? XX TAPERED BUCKET BRUSHES Full Size



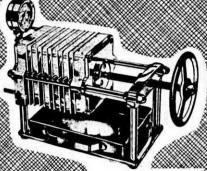
REFRACTOMERS For Extreme Accuracy In Syrup Testing



Old Fashioned Earthen Jugs All Sizes 2 Oz. Up To One Gallon



PRESSURE FILTERS FOR SPARKLING CLEAR SYRUP





LINERS For Leaky or Rusty Buckets



Light Weight **Big Capacity** 



GOLD FOIL Pressure Sensitive NAME STICKERS



CANDY BOXES-Many Sizes 



Glass Jugs Bottles - Decanters Plastic Bottles and Jugs All Styles and Sizes of Syrup Cans





ALL MAKES OF EVAPORATOR

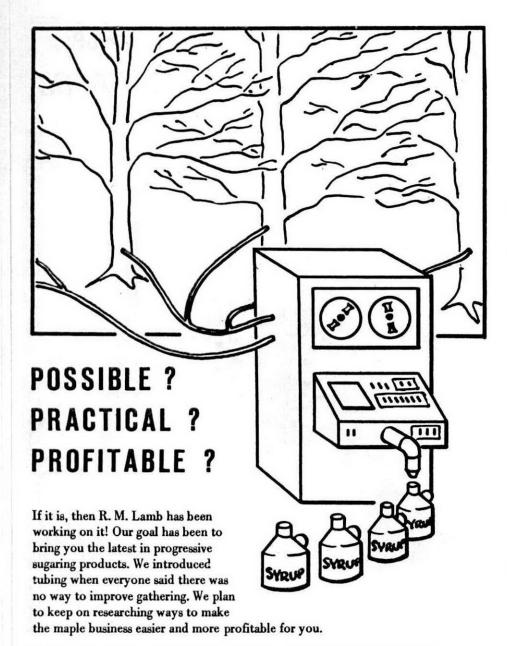
WE NEED MAPLE SYRUP - SEE OUR AD THIS ISSUE

SEND FOR A FREE COPY OF OUR CATALOG



SUGAR BUSH

ANIWA, WIS. 54408 Ph: 715-449-2057



#### LOOK TO LAMB FOR LEADERSHIP

FOR ALL THE
PROFITABLE, PROGRESSIVE
DETAILS
CALL OR WRITE

R. M. LAMB P.O. Box 278 Vine St. Rd. LIVERPOOL, N.Y. 13088 Phone 315-457-1410 **Proven Plastic Containers for Pure Maple Syrup** 

## TOUGH, HOT FILLABLE JUGS of XT® POLYMER



This beautifully silk screened container with the quality appearance of pottery is made from an outstanding new material — XT® polymer. Already in use for dozens of food products, this polymer has full FDA approval and provides impact strength at a competitive price.

The contour of this lightweight jug remains stable even under a vacuum. A pilfer proof cap is featured along with a choice of standard of custom decoration.

For further information contact your jobber, distributor or Kress Creations, 1 DeForest Street, Bldg. 18, Seymour, Connecticut 06483.

## MAPLE SYRUP & THE BLENDS

by David R. Marvin

Formerly Research Forestry Technician, Northeastern Forest Experiment Station, Forest Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture, Burlington, Vermont.

If manufacturers of blended syrups stopped using pure maple syrup in their blends, the impact on the U. S. maple syrup industry would be very slight. This was one conclusion from a recent informal study made by the USDA Forest Service.

Blended syrups are made by combining cane syrup with pure maple syrup and other ingredients. The use of pure maple syrup has made the blenders dependent upon maple syrup makers for nearly a century. New market conditions are now changing the relationship between maple syrup makers and blend manufacturers.

To evaluate the impact of these changes, management personnel of the three largest blend manufacturing companies were interviewed. They were asked how much pure maple syrup they use, why they use it, and its value to the maple industry. Their responses are summed up here.

#### **EARLY MAPLE BLENDS**

In the late 1800's, when pure maple sugar became more expensive than cane sugar, the two were blended to extend the highly valued maple flavor with a cheaper sweetener. Early cane and maple blends were combined carefully to imitate pure maple syrup. Formulas differed, but the product 12

usually contained 10 to 25 percent of pure maple syrup.

A dark, hearty, strong-flavored maple syrup was used so that the maple flavor would not be lost in the blend process. The price of the blended syrup was much lower than the price of pure maple syrup. Thus the maple syrup industry had a good opportunity to sell the pure darker syrup, which was not valued highly, and the blended-syrup industry kept the image of maple before the public.

In 1959, at the Fourth Conference on Maple Products, a representative of the blend industry forecast a bright future for the blend business. Technological advances promised increased efficiency for maple producers — increased profits without increased costs. Population growth was adding new consumers to the table-syrup market. The price and supply of pure maple syrup and competition from artificially flavored syrups were problems, but they were not enough to dim the future outlook.

#### THE BLENDS TODAY

Industry market surveys and reports show that maple-flavored syrups are by far the most important in the table-syrup market. Maple-flavored syrups include pure, blended, and artificially flavored syrups. Blended maple syrups account for the greatest share of maple-flavored syrup sales. However, industry epople point out that sales are not growing as rapidly as popula-

tion is, which reflects a change in consumer habits and a failure to develop new product uses.

Syrup is used almost exclusively with pancakes, waffles, and french toast. But now Americans are increasing their use of instant foods. Breakfast foods in particular must be easily and quickly prepared. The preparation of batter and the use of several dishes required to make pancakes is too timeconsuming for many people. Frozen waffles and french toast are gaining favor, but their contribution to the market is scarcely enough to make up losses in the homemade type. Furthermore, in a nation of weight-watchers, a meal of pancakes and syrup is considered uncomplimentary to the waistline.

Most of the new uses being promoted call for maple syrup as an ingredient in recipes made up from scratch. Promotions to encourage this use usually accomplish only a short-term increase in sales. When the promotional efforts end, most people return to prepared mixes.

Today the market outlook is not as bright for the blended-syrup industry as it was a decade ago. Total profits cannot be increased by greater sales because the market is not growing. Strong price competition among few sellers in the market makes price increases difficult. One way to increase profits in this situation would be to decrease costs by using less of the most costly ingredient.

#### MAPLE SYRUP AND TODAY'S BLENDS

To complement its breakfast-food line, one blend manufacturer introduced a syrup that contained only 5½ percent pure maple syrup and also contained artificial flavors. Priced comparably with established straight cane and maple blends, this new syrup was accepted quickly. It was only a matter of time before the percentage of pure maple in other blended syrups was lowered and artificial flavor was added. Product cost was reduced, and prices remained at about the same level.

Cost reduction was not the only reason for changing the product formula. The blend companies have difficulty obtaining adequate supplies of pure maple syrup. They have to maintain large and expensive inventories to insure continuous syrup production.

Surveys made by the blend companies indicate that consumers prefer the taste of syrups made solely with artificial maple flavors! Why then is pure maple syrup included in their products at all?

The blend companies are not certain about how the consumer feels about pure maple syrup being in their product. The absence of the word maple on the label, even as small as it is in the list of ingredients, might cause an adverse consumer reaction. Another reason for retaining maple in the blends is simple market strategy. The first producer to drop pure maple syrup altogether could suffer in product comparisons through advertising by other companies. This is a real risk in a market where increased sales are gained at the expense of market shares of competitive products.

There are compelling economic reasons for eliminating pure maple syrup from blends. Pure maple syrup costs nearly five times as much as cane sugar by weight; and in short supply situations, the cost ratio may be much more than that. The cost benefits from eliminating the 5½ to 6 percent of maple ingredients presently used in the blends is significant.

The uncertainty of supply from year to year is irksome to the blend companies. An adverse consumer reaction to the removal of maple from the blends is not certain, as some surveys have shown that the taste of completely artificially flavored syrups may be preferred to that of blends. And, if one major company successfully eliminated pure maple syrup, it is likely that the other major blenders would follow quickly, thus removing the risk of advertising comparisons.

#### THE FUTURE

It is likely in the near future that the blend companies will continue to use pure maple ingredients because the maple image has a sales value. It is also likely that the percentage of maple being used in the blended product will continue to be reduced until it reaches the 2-percent minimum allowable by law for inclusion of the word *maple* in the ingredients. However, it is probable that the major blend companies will stop using pure maple syrup if the supply and price continue to be unstable.

The maple industry should be aware of how a loss of the blend market would affect it. To determine that, we should know from where and how much pure maple enters this market. Unfortunately, there are no data available to provide a precise answer. Because of the recent reductions in percentage of pure maple syrup used in the blends and changes in normal inventory volumes by the large blen-

ders, no pattern for the total annual needs of the industry has yet emerged. There is, though, enough information to make an informed guess about what might happen if the large blend companies stopped using pure maple syrup.

Available data about the three major blenders indicate that they use at least 10 to 15 percent of the total U.S. and Canadian maple syrup production. It is very difficult to determine how much the small blend companies and nonbrand-name syrups use, but a conservative estimate would be another 5 percent. Thus a total of about 20 percent of the total U.S. and Canadian production of maple syrup enters the blend market (based on 1970 figures). These estimates are conservative-the market in non-brand-name syrups may be larger than we know, and one source puts the consumption by the blend market at about 40 percent of total maple syrup production.

Nonetheless, several factors indicate that a loss of the blend market would have a less serious impact than might be anticipated. First, the U.S. maple production is less than it was years ago; and a greater proportion of the production is in higher grades. In 1963, more than 75 percent of U.S. production was in table grades, while about 70 percent of Canadian production was in the dark grades, which are most commonly used in blending. supports information from the blend companies that the blend market is supplied largely by Canadian production. Consequently, Canadian producers would suffer the greatest impact from a loss of this market.

Furthermore, there is increasing interest in selling good quality dark grade maple syrup in the table-syrup market. Several pure maple packers have also begun producing their own blends. These are generally formulated with 25 percent pure maple and no artificial flavor, as were the early blends. Both of these developments could increase the other market opportunities for the dark syrup that now is going to the large blenders.

#### CONCLUSION

In the near future, the sales appeal of pure maple in the blends will probably insure its continued use, even if at a reduced percentage. In time, unless the supply and price of pure maple syrup to the blend industry stabilizes, it is likely that the major blend companies will stop using pure maple syrup. The greatest burden from a loss of the blend market would fall on the processors and large suppliers to that market. However, Canadian producers and local syrup-producing areas with a high proportion of dark syrup production might also suffer.

#### References

Taylor, R. D., J. K. Pasto, and H. M. Southworth. 1967. Production Trends and Patterns for the Maple Syrup Industry in North America. Pa. State Univ. Agr. Exp. Sta. Bull. 742. 37 p.

Quebec Department of Industry and Commerce, Bureau of Statistics. 1963. Maple Products. 11 p. Quebec.

#### THE PRESERVATION OF MAN

The horse and mule live thirty years

And nothing know

of wines and beers.

The goat and sheep at twenty die With ne'er a taste of scotch or rye.

The cow drinks water by the ton And at eighteen is mostly done.

The dog at sixteen cashes in Without the aid of rum or gin.

The cat in milk and water soaks
And then twelve short years
it croaks.

The modest, sober, bone-dry hen Lays eggs for nogs, then dies at ten.

All animals are strictly dry
They sinless live,
and swiftly die.

But sinful, ginful, booze-soaked men Survive for threescore years and ten.

And some of us, (damn mighty few) Stay pickled

till we're ninety-two.

. WM. SHAKESBEERE

### Canadian Producers

We will be pleased to send the MAPLE SYRUP DIGEST to our friends in Canada for the following subscription fee:

1 year . . . . . . . . . \$2.00 5 years . . . . . . . . 5.00

Send your name and address to THE MAPLE SYRUP DIGEST, Bainbridge, N.Y.

U.S. Funds, Please

#### LETTER TO THE EDITOR

R. 1, East Jordan, Michigan, 49727 March 27, 1973

National Maple Syrup Digest R.D.2, Bainbridge, N.Y. 13733

Today on my seventy-third birthday, I consider the relationship of the sugar maple tree and its products to our family experience on the farm.

Due to advancing senior citizenship my wife and I are retiring from producing maple syrup, from charter membership in the Michigan Maple Syrup Association, and from regular subscription to the National Maple Syrup Digest.

For a century at various times our farm produced maple syrup. We wish to give credit to the sugar maple tree and its products for enriching the lives of four generations of our family.

My grandfather applied for an An-

trim County, Michigan, homestead in 1870 and soon afterward made maple syrup and sugar. Nine years later he constructed a hewn maple log cabin. During the next six years the cabin was used by grandfather's large family and also as a social and religious community center.

Many years later my parents made some syrup in an iron kettle in the woods so that our family could enjoy a delicious spread on bread, pancakes and Johny cake. The children helped with the labor in the woods and quickly learned that a cooperative effort was needed to help earn a hard but honest living.

During the Second World War cane sugar was rationed but cooks discovered that honey and maple syrup could be used as substitutes in preparing food. My wife baked a cake at home. She took the cake to a 4-H Club Leaders' meeting at the county seat and placed

## SOULE EVAPORATOR & CAN COMPANY Fairfield, Vt. 05455, Phone: 802-827-4467

We carry only the highest quality sugaring equipment made, the famous "Canadian Lightning". A complete line of storage tanks, filters, gathering tanks and, of course, the complete line of evaporators and arches are in stock. All sizes, wood, oil, and gas are available for your inspection and immediate delivery. These are sold directly to you at factory prices to save you 20 to 30 percent or more.

Come see us at Fairfield. We ship anywhere in the U.S.A.

All grades of bulk syrup for sale at reasonable prices; Vermont grades: Fancy, A, and B (light amber, medium amber & dark amber table grades.)

the cake among other pot luck food on the table. Several guests at the table made sly remarks about the cake as though questioning my wife's patriotism. She explained to the amazement of several guests that the delicious cake was sweetened only by maple syrup but not by using any cane sugar.

Our daughter as a high school student of English composition wrote a term paper on maple syrup production and in college she wrote a more advanced article. She helped to compose a family Centennial History on our farm. Now she is teaching an elementary school and can tell pupils about her own experience in carrying sap to the boiling pan in the woods and testing syrup with a hydrometer before canning.

Now my wife, daughter and I feel a peaceful satisfaction in having a Michigan Centennial Farm marker in front of our home and possessing the wellpreserved maple log cabin mentioned above. In this cabin we have family heirlooms including a flail, butter churn and old pictures. A Centennial Farm Certificate signed by Governor William G. Milliken and presented to us by the Michigan Historical Society hangs on the wall.

The century old 80-acre homestead has produced three generations of organists for our local Catholic church and it also produced three school teachers with a total of twenty-nine years teaching experience. My wife worked twelve years as a registered nurse. She, our daughter and I have Bachelor of Science Degrees. On Sunday we attend church services as a family unit and lead the congregation with organ music and songs.

We wish to give much credit to the maple tree and its products for making life more abundant and worth living for four generations of our family. Indeed, we are grateful for the gifts of life and the precious sugar maple tree.

Ralph Josifek

## American Maple Products Corp.

NEWPORT, VERMONT 05855

Has provided producers with a market for their bulk maple syrup for more than 30 years. If you are interested in selling your bulk maple syrup or in acting as a buying agent, please write, or telephone collect, 802-334-6516.

OLD COLONY Brand Maple Sugar and Maple Syrup in bulk and consumer packs is distributed both nationally and internationally.



YOUR FASTEST WAY

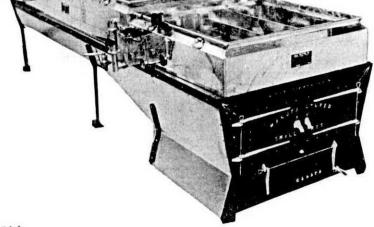
TO MAPLE SYRUP

RAPID EFFICIENT

HIGH QUALITY

FIVE MODELS

LOW PRICED



THE MODERN EVAPORATOR FOR PROGRESSIVE PRODUCERS SEEKING QUALITY PRODUCTS WITH SPEED OF OPERATION.

MANUFACTURERS OF A COMPLETE LINE OF MAPLE SYRUP SUPPLIES.

Phone Or Write For Your Nearest Distributor. Catalogues Available Upon Request.

### SMALL BROTHERS INC.

Dunham, Quebec, Canada. Telephone (514) 295-2441

We at Smada want to thank everyone who took time to visit us on the New York Maple tour. Visitors are welcome anytime.

## GET EQUIPMENT ORDERS IN EARLY

Closeout: Old style Kress 2 qt. jugs - \$13.50 per case while they last.

Special: 4' wide x 5' long syrup pan. New. Stainless steel outside compartments, tin inside. (2 each) \$200.00.

We can furnish stainless steel FLUE pans.

#### **GET EQUIPMENT ORDERS**

IN EARLY

SYRUP FOR SALE

## Smada Farms Inc.

STAR ROUTE GREENE, N. Y. 13778

607-656-4058

## Classified

FOR SALE: COMPLETE maple syrup equipment - 4 x 14 Leader evaporator, draw-off tank, 1000 buckets, covers, spiles, felt filter bags, plastic tubing, fittings, canner, Hydrotherm.

ELMER NORTON, Camden, New York Phone: 245-1357.

Complete 4 x 12 King Evaporator for sale. Wood fired, excellent condition, used three seasons. Write: WARREN L. SCHERMERHORN, Box 461, Lake George, New York. Tel. 518-668-5560.

FOR SALE: Two (2) 50-gallon Stainless Steel Steam Kettles, ½ jackets, rigid stand, in excellent condition. KLISÇH'S SUGAR BUSH, Rt. 1, Box 226, Bowlus, Minnesota. 56314.

"BELMORE MAPLE PRODUCTS" for sale. Thriving business in S. W. Ontario. Buildings in good condition. Fully equipped with storage tanks, steam boiler, 3 oil-fired evaporators, 1 steam finishing pan, all electrically controlled. 3 electric syrup pumps, 2 sap pumps, also all equipment for bottling and canning syrup and candy making for market. Only \$59,000, with yearly gross sales \$32,000. Contact Alice Martin, Mildmay, 519-367-5344 or 519-364-1722.

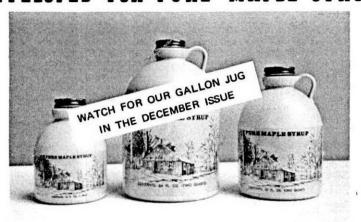
FOR SALE - Maple Syrup & Sugar Business - Chance for expansion - Modern efficient sugarhouse - retail shop & candy kitchen. Good family business. Maurice Laplant, Sutton, Vermont 05867

Use our beautiful four colored gummed for glass labels. Three sizes imprinted with your name, contents. We are western warehouse for Leader, King, and Vermont evaporators. Leader distributor for past forty years. Most replacement sizes stocked. SUGAR BUSH SUPPLIES COMPANY, Box 1107, Lansing, Mich.

#### **DEALERS & ASSOCIATIONS CARRYING BACON'S JUGS**

N. I.I. M I. D I.		
N. H. Maple Producers Assn.  Larris Moore, RFD No. 8, Concord, N. H. 03301		(603) 783-6521
R. N. Johnson, Walpole, N. H. 03608		(603) 756-3321
Berkshire Pioneer Maple Producers Coop.		
Russell Davenport, Shelburne Falls, Mass. 01370		(413) 625-2866
Lesure Farm, Ashfield, Mass. 01330		(413) 628-3268
Harry Jorgensen, W. Woodstock, Vt. 05091		(802) 457-2261
H. W. Leach, Waterville, Vt. 05492		(802) 644-2488
Vermont Sugar House		
Exit No. 3, I. 89, South Royalton, Vt. 05068	•	(802) 763-8809
Stuart Newton R.D. No. 2, St. Albans, Vt. 05478	-	(802) 524-5620
W. S. Mitchell, Inc., Newport, Vt. 05855		(802) 334-2800
Justus "Dutch" Asthalter	•	(002) 334-2000
Neversink, N.Y., P.O. Parksville, N.Y. 12768		(914) 292-8569
W. Barry Branon, 31 Tremblay Ave., Plattsburg, N.Y. 12901		(518) 563-1063
Burdick Syrup Supplies, Andover, N.Y. 14806		(607) 478-8103
Kenneth Jordan & Son, Franklin, N.Y. 13775		(607) 829-5634
C. B. Clay, DeRuyter, N. Y. 13052		(315) 852-6237
Claude Sisson, Sr., Central Bridge, N.Y. 12035		(518) 234-3194
Ralph VanBrocklin, RFD No. 2, Canton, N.Y. 13617		(315) 386-3036
Neil C. Wright .		
28 Liberty St., Camden, N.Y. 13316	•	(315) 245-1434
P.O. Box 56, Wellersburg, Penna. 15564		(814) 324-4414
Northeastern Pennsylvania Maple Producers Assn	•	(014) 324-4414
Box 549, Honesdale, Penna. 18431		(717) 689-2353
Potter-Tioga Maple Producers Assn.		(814) 274-8540
Robert McConnell, Coudersport, Penna. 16915		(814) 274-9143
H. W. Russell & Sons, Maple Farms, Rome, Penna. 18837 .		(717) 247-7361
Sugar Bush Supplies		
Box No. 1107, 4109 West Saginaw, Lansing, Mich 48904	•	(517) 372-1149
Wesley Kinny, Cumberland Center, Maine 04021		(207) 829-5565
Titcomb's Dairy, Farmington, Maine 04938	•	(207) 778-4959
Wyman W. Manes & Son Sycamore Valley Farm, East Orwell, Ohio 44034		(21C) F02 2200
Richards Maple Products	•	(216) 583-2388
545 Water St., Chardon, Ohio 44024		(216) 286-4160
O. C. Stevens & Son		The state of the s
Maple Lane Farm, Mt. Gilead, Ohio 43338	•	(419) 946-3300
Reynold's Sugar Bush Inc., Aniwa, Wisconsin 54408	•	(715) 449-2057

## UNBREAKABLE POLYETHYLENE JUGS DEVELOPED FOR PURE MAPLE SYRUP



Pint

Half-Gallon

Quart

BY USING OUR COMPLETE LINE YOU GAIN ALL THESE ADVANTAGES

ONE OPERATION CAP AND SEAL EASY FILL NO RUSTING IN STORAGE TAMPER-PROOF INNER SEAL NO SHIPPING LOSSES HOT FILL TO 200° F. EXACT SIZE FOR HOT PACK LOWEST PRICED CONTAINER EASY OPEN CAP
DRIP-FREE POUR
NO RUSTING IN REFRIGERATOR
ATTRACTIVE "OLD" JUG DESIGN
EASY POUR - SERVE FROM JUG
NO "TINNY" TASTE
SAFE - SHATTERPROOF
VERY NICE GIFT ITEM

DESIGNS printed for Pure New Hampshire, Vermont, New York, Maine, Pennsylvania, Ohio and "all states" Maple Syrup. Also Private Labels.

\* Celanese<sup>®</sup> Fortiflex<sup>®</sup> high density polyethylene

See your dealer or write

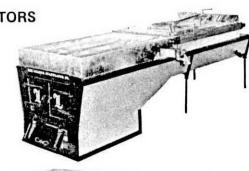
## BACON'S SUGAR HOUSE

**JAFFREY CENTER, NEW HAMPSHIRE 03454** 

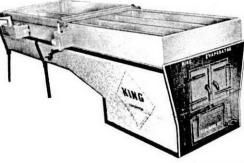
(603) 532-8836

## LEADER EVAPORATOR

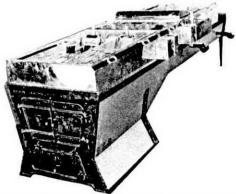
MONITOR TANKS
WARNER SPOUTS



KING EVAPORATORS
KING TANKS
SOULE SPOUTS



VERMONT EVAPORATORS
VERMONT SPOUTS



We wish to thank our customers for their cooperation during our recent acquisition of Vermont Evaporator Co.

## CO. INC. - SINCE 1888

ANUFACTURED ITEMS OF HIGHEST GRADE

AND FINEST QUALITY

TTENTION AND CARE GIVEN THROUGHOUT ASSEMBLY.

PERSONALIZED HANDLING OF EACH ORDER.

ONG ESTABLISHED FIRM DEDICATED TO SERVICE

VAPORATORS – A WIDE RANGE OF –

LEADER - KING - VERMONT

As in the past we will continue to offer the Maple Producer the the best possible in maple sugar utensils.

When you think of Maple think of:

## Leader Evaporator Co. Inc.

Box 588 St. Albans, Vermont 05478 802-524-4966 or 802-524-3931

## LAMB'S CORNER

October 1, 1973

Ontario Maple Producers Assoc. Ontario, Canada

#### Gentlemen:

The Lamb organization of distributors and dealers in the United States and Canada wish to express our appreciation to the Ontario Maple Producers Association for their willingness to host the 1973 annual meeting of the National Maple Syrup Council in Orillia, Ontario.

We are looking forward to a most enjoyable time and expect this meeting will intensify the relationship between the maple producers of our two countries.

Sincerely yours,

Bob Lamb